

# The Daily Guardian

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LACOMBE, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, JUNE 2, 1916

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## French Make Gains at Verdun

London, May 31. The French troops northwest of Verdun, in the region of Le Mort Homme, have turned on the offensive against the Germans, and in a spirited attack have captured a strongly organized position on the slopes northwest of Le Mort Homme. Seven machine guns and 225 prisoners were taken in the attack, which was the only infantry fighting on Wednesday reported in the latest French official communication.

## MAJOR GAITSKELL REMAINS IN CANADA

Calgary, May 27.—Another Calgary battalion is on its way to do its "bit" to bring nearer that day when the eagle of victory shall perch upon the banner of the allies and of civilization. Under the command of Lieut.-Col. W. W. Nasmyth, veteran of South Africa and hero of St. Julien, and amid the cheers of thousands who crowded the depot platform to see them off, the 80th battalion pulled away from Calgary, en route to the battle-front at Flanders. They were a likely-looking lot, these young Alberta volunteers. The military training they had undergone, the route marches they had performed, the physical drill that had been their daily morning task for weeks, had borne its effect, and Nasmyth's Nonpareils looked as fine a type of the fighting soldier as any part of the British Empire could produce. For several months past, the 80th boys have been a portion of the population, and such was their popularity, especially since they took such an active part in quelling the riots in February last, that the city turned out in full force to shake their hands and bid every mother's son of them God-speed.

Major Gaitskell, second in command, was taken ill a few hours before the regiment entrained and remains in Canada. Major Gaitskell has been unfortunate. He was to have gone to the front with the 50th, but for some reason did not get away.

## MURDER ON THE HIGH SEAS

"Jack" Southward, the well-known Spruceville farmer, has just received the following account of the sinking of the British steamer, "Clan Macleod," by a German sub. in the Mediterranean. The "Clan Macleod" was commanded by Capt. H. S. Southward, his brother.

"At 7:45 a.m., on December 1st, the chief officer reported to me what appeared to be a torpedo boat on the port quarter, and which was showing black smoke, which appeared to issue from her funnels. A close watch was kept on her, as she seemed to float low in the water. At about 8:5 a.m. a shot was fired at the steamer, the shot falling short. I then knew I had to deal with an enemy submarine, and the steamer's course was altered so as to keep the submarine dead astern. At 8:40 a.m. the submarine opened fire on the steamer, firing about ten shots, which fell in the water right ahead.

"At 9:10 a.m. the submarine again opened fire, firing about a dozen shots, which also fell right ahead of the steamer. At 9:50 a.m. the submarine again opened fire, being at this time within half a mile of the steamer. The range was shortened at each shot and at about the eighth shot the funnel was hit, and the submarine being about a quarter of a mile distant. About this time I realized that I could not save the steamer, hoisted the international signal of surrender, stopped the engines and roundly told the submarine to bring me to the

starboard side. The crew were sent to the boat stations.

"But to my surprise the submarine started to shell the bridge, doing considerable damage. I was struck by the first shell. He then started to shell the boats and the boat crews, killing nine men, wounding six (three fatally), and smashing the starboard boats. During this shelling the crew had all been sent to the port boats, which were manned and lowered with out any further casualty.

"After the boats were lowered the chief officer wanted to have a look around decks, but could not see any one alive, so we then left the steamer. After the boats left the steamer the gun of the submarine was pointed towards the lifeboat and the commander shouted for me. As the second officer told him I was in the other boat he turned the gun away and told him he need not be afraid. The submarine was flying the German flag.

"When the other boat appeared in view of the submarine, I was ordered to go on board, and did so, and found the commander in a furious rage with me because we had not surrendered sooner. The commander rushed down from the conning tower, shook his fist in my face, and said, 'Why did you not stop?' I replied, 'I wanted to save my ship. His next remark was, 'I can shoot you as a franc-tireur.' I said, 'I don't think so.' He said, 'You are assisting my enemy.' I replied, 'I am your enemy.'

"The commander then said, 'Had you stopped when I fired three shots you would not have had this,' pointing to the wound in my hand. I replied that it was my misfortune, and was then ordered back into the boat, and the submarine at once proceeded to sink the steamer by shell fire. After firing a couple of shots into every compartment he returned to the boat and I was a prisoner ordered on board. I was asked for my instructions, which I said I had destroyed. I was also asked for the register, and I told him it was on board the steamer.

"The lieutenant dressed my hand, pointed out that my foot was wounded, and gave me packets of dressing for my foot, and for some of the wounded. Before I left the submarine he told me to inform all the captains I met that they would be fired upon if they tried to escape. He told him that I was to be their business and had nothing to do with me, He also asked me the position, and I said I had not had a position for some time.

"We then parted company, and after I had picked up two wounded men who had evidently stowed themselves away, the two boats set sail for Malta, the chief officer having charge of the cutter with 19 men on board, and myself in charge of the lifeboat with 50 men on board.

"The submarine kept about half a mile south of the boats with only the periscope showing for three or four hours, which he disappeared. The lifeboat's crew were picked up by the steamer, Lord Cromer, of Liverpool, on the following day at 6 p.m., and landed at Algiers on December 5th. The cutter's crew were rescued at 2 a.m. on December 4th, and were landed at Malta the same day."

Commanding officers of military units have been notified that in future the a limit for recruitment will be rigidly enforced, so that no one who could leave the army at any time will be accepted for men over forty-four years of age to enlist. This step has been taken because it has been found that a great many elderly men have enlisted so that they may take advantage of the military bonus law.

Col. Walter H. Allen of Toronto, N.S., with the 10th Battalion has been dismissed from the service after a trial by court martial. The gallant Col. Allen was found guilty of wounding himself so that he could leave the service and get home safely.

## Time for Peace is Not Yet

London, May 24.—The recent interview of Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, in which he said there could be no end to the war until the Prussian idea of peace—an iron peace imposed on other nations by German supremacy—was defeated and renounced, and the peace that has followed the interview was brought up in the House of Commons today by Arthur Ponsonby, Liberal member for the Stirling division of Scotland.

Mr. Ponsonby argued in favor of countenancing peace possibilities and against prolonging the war merely for the sake of obligations to Great Britain's allies. The speaker said that if the war had to be continued until Constantinople fell, or until the unknown obligations to allies were fulfilled, the country ought to be told what these obligations are, and if there was no essential difference between Germany and Great Britain and no such obligations, the government ought to take the opportunity to press for a termination of the war.

Sir Edward Grey, in replying, pointed out that his interview contained no new declarations. He had no prepared speech or statement to make, but he said that he thought the German government or German opinion had reached the point where the allied governments could bring a peace compatible with their desires nearer by making speeches about peace, he would make dozens of them. But, the foreign minister added, that time had not yet arrived, and the allies were bound by common obligations not to put forward any terms of peace except by mutual agreement.

Mr. Ponsonby, in the course of his long speech, made a strong attack on the government's diplomacy. He said the peace of Europe would depend on the capacity of statesmen for surveying the great problems in a broad spirit. The insularity which had characterized British diplomacy in the past constituted the real danger. The government must recognize that the war had reached a deadlock, and at the same time the superior position of Great Britain as a victor. He said the peace of Europe was due to the spirit and valor of the people, and not to the statesmen.

The speaker said he hoped the statesmen were not going to imperil the situation by delay and inactivity. Nothing had helped Germany more than the extreme utterances of responsible statesmen. They had enabled Prussians to keep Germany together. Mr. Ponsonby said re-creations must cease. He considered it wanting in respect to the British people for the ministers to disregard parliament and adopt the American press as a platform.

The war would never end, Mr. Ponsonby continued, if Great Britain wanted until Sir Edward and Dr. Von Bethmann Holweg (the German imperial chancellor) agreed as to who was responsible for the war. Had Germany refused to restore Belgium, evacuate France and Serbia and form an independent Poland? Had she refused to agree to form an international court to maintain European peace? Mr. Ponsonby asked. If she had refused these things the country ought to be told.

"We ought not to allow diplomatic etiquette to stand in the way of taking the lead decisively, openly and boldly to bring the nation's back to sanity and peace," Mr. Ponsonby concluded. James Ramsey MacDonald, Labor member for Leicester, supported Mr. Ponsonby. He declared that peace was a political and not a military problem, and that it was the duty of the government to state the terms by which it was prepared to conclude a peace. He closed by saying that peace was a political and not a military problem, and that it was the duty of the government to state the terms by which it was prepared to conclude a peace. He closed by saying that peace was a political and not a military problem, and that it was the duty of the government to state the terms by which it was prepared to conclude a peace.

ized Chancellor Von Bethmann Holweg's recent statement that Great Britain was prepared to go to war over Bosnia as "a great class lie." It was impossible, the foreign minister continued, to reason with the German people while they were fed with lies and knew nothing of the truth. The real reason for the prolongation of the war was that the German government was continually telling their people that they were winning the war, and that the allies were beaten.

Sir Edward made the declaration that the time for peace had not yet arrived, and that the entente allies were under obligations not to act separately in peace terms. He added that if any of the allies had a right to speak with regard to peace at the present moment, it was France, on whom the concentrated fury of the German attack had been thrown. Relinquishing Mr. Ponsonby for making no allusion to Verdun, Sir Edward said:

"Through the long battle of Verdun, France is having not only herself, but her allies as well. If anyone has a right to speak about peace it is France, and President Poincaré has spoken. I believe it is the duty of diplomacy to maintain the solidarity of the allies and give the utmost support to the naval and military services which are being taken by the allies in common to bring the war to a stage it has not yet reached, and in which the prospect of maintaining an enduring peace will be a reality. Sir Edward's speech has hardly seemed to realize we were at war."

"I care not how often I say it, this war could have been avoided by accepting a conference, but it was not accepted? Because there was no good will."

Sir Edward then referred to the Balkan conference as proof of Great Britain's good will in peace conferences, and added: "I only wish the German and Austrian governments had published the reports of their ambassadors as to the part they had played at that conference."

## PRESENTATION TO THE REV. A. J. PATSTONE

Immediately after service on Sunday last, in St. Cyprian's Church, the people's war met Mr. Patstone in the aisle and on behalf of the congregation presented him with a purse containing nearly a hundred dollars. In a brief speech, Mr. Bird spoke highly of the esteem in which Mr. Patstone was held in the church, and wished him and his family God-speed on their departure to New Brunswick.

The departure of the Rev. A. J. Patstone from the district is a loss that will be felt by other places than Lacombe.

The reverend gentleman commenced his work in the district in the fall of 1907 at Rimley and Bentley. Before he had been many months in that Mission a nice little log church had been built at Rimley, with a frame tower. He, himself, went into the woods with the men for the logs, and not only designed the building, but worked at it until finished. A little later a small frame church was built at Bentley. Most of the older school houses in the district were visited by him for services. Leslieville and Eskville were visited once a month, and a church was acquired at the latter place. The country as far west as Rocky Mountain House was visited. That was before the railways went in there.

When Mr. Patstone came to Lacombe the church had been in place for six months, but the congregation soon rallied to his ministry and some improvements were effected to the interior of the church. For a few years the Lacombe congregation has suffered severely on account of the frequent removals of prominent members. For a while now, since the war has raged, the church has many a pastor. Mr. Patstone, who has been travelling a good deal

in the country west to the foot hills. Congregations have been gathered together in private houses and schoolhouses with a very gratifying result. Well-attended services have also been established at Spruceville and Milton.

In the town the work undertaken has comprised such institutions as the Boy Scouts and a Men's Club.

Mr. Patstone has always worked for a better understanding with the other churches. Since the war began a United Interdenominational Service has been held every week in the three churches in town at his suggestion. At the last service held in the Methodist Church, on Wednesday, May 24th, the Rev. Mr. White and the Rev. E. T. Strang both spoke very warmly of Mr. Patstone's efforts in this direction.

Before the Town of Ponoka was taken into the new Diocese of Edmonton Mr. Patstone conducted services there, and was instrumental in the building of a small but well finished and furnished church. Monthly services were also conducted by him at the Asylum. In appreciation of Mr. Patstone's work for the church at Ponoka, the congregation forwarded a letter on hearing of his impending departure from the district containing a cheque for thirty-five dollars.

For about three years he also had charge of the Parish of Blackfalds.

It is with the deepest regret of the members of St. Cyprian's Church that he has seen fit to sever his connection with the Parish and the Diocese. Mr. Patstone has worked faithfully and well, and both he and Mrs. Patstone will be much missed in Lacombe and district.

## EDMONTON EXHIBITION

Progress is the watchword of the Edmonton Exhibition Association, and the prize list for the Exhibition of 1916, which takes place on July 10th-15th, shows material advancement toward the goal of perfection and is decidedly up to date.

Among the features worthy of special mention is the addition of \$1,039 to the prizes for cattle, as well as a substantial increase in the prizes offered for sheep. In cattle, a prize has been made for cows four years old and over, as well as for three-year-old cows, all through the list. The poultry classes are also increased, and special attention has been given to this department of the exhibition with a view to encouraging the utility breeds. The total amount offered in cash prizes is \$25,000, and it is a thing to be proud of in times like these.

Farm products have also secured their quota of consideration. Since the dates of the exhibition come while this season's grain is still growing, exhibitors are allowed to exhibit last year's grain, and this will afford an opportunity to every farmer to compete for the generous prizes offered.

Exhibits in dairy and household products have displayed an increased interest from year to year, and these departments have also been revised and brought strictly up to date. Since northern Alberta is essentially a mixed farming country, this exhibit should be among the most keenly contested.

The list of attractions shows many splendid features, including the aviator, Katherine Simon, who has a phenomenal record for unique and sensational performances in New York, Chicago, Los Angeles, and other prominent American cities.

Both from the standpoint of practical interest and entertainment the exhibition of 1916 promises a program which has never been exceeded.

James J. Hill, the great American railway magnate, died at his home in St. Paul on Monday morning. Mr. Hill was Canadian born.

The young son of Mr. Hill, Mr. George Hill, of Lacombe, died on Monday morning from diphtheria.

## Huns Will Pay for Their Madness

Paris June 1. Marcel Hutin, in the Echo de Paris writes: "I am asked on every side whether an offensive to relieve our troops at Verdun may not have been expected on our side, and especially on our allies' side. From what I can learn the greatest pitiousness must be observed. The hour will come when the enemy will pay dearly for his madness. If the enemy expects some hastily improvised offensive which is doomed to failure from us or the British or the Russians, he once more fails to understand the psychology that the war has ripened by the allies' experience. When everything is ready, with artillery, munitions and reserves, we, with our allies, will give the crown prince his answer."

## A RARE TREAT FOR MUSIC LOVERS

New York Metropolitan Company will Play Here on Monday, June 19, in Comet Theatre.

The New York Metropolitan Company, consisting of six artists, are touring the country on their way home from the Panama Pacific Exposition.

Francis W. Cowles, the baritone of the company, has created roles in many operas, and has won distinction in Europe as well as in America. Mr. Cowles is well-known to opera-goers throughout the States. Mr. Cowles will sing arias in costume from many of the beautiful operas.

Molly Byerly Wilson came direct from the Royal Opera in Vienna to fill the engagements of this tour. It is said that Miss Wilson possesses one of the most remarkable contralto voices. Critics consider that her Brunnhilde is one of her greatest roles, though she is also well known as a leader singer, while she is in a class with Schumann-Heink.

Florence Hawkins, soprano, has a beautiful ringing voice and a great dramatic power. She has scored a triumph in "Hansel and Gretel," and starred last season in "Madam Butterfly." The success attained by Clara Freuler, mezzo soprano, by her interpretation of the Swiss folk songs can be claimed by but very few artists. Miss Freuler never fails to win the hearts of her audience by her wonderful interpretation of the folk songs of her native country. Miss Freuler, combined with her marvellous mezzo voice creates a sensation wherever she is heard.

Skovgaard, the Danish violinist travelling with this company, is one of the world's famous virtuosos, and is considered the star attraction of the company. On his wonderful thirteen thousand dollar Stradivarius violin, which which violin he will use for this engagement, he has played for most of the crowned heads of Europe. He will, in addition to other musical numbers, present to the American audiences a number of Scandinavian compositions.

Owing to their many engagements, the New York Metropolitan Company can only be secured for one appearance here, but Manager Newell, of New York, has promised that the artists would in this performance combine all the best numbers so that the programme would be as varied as it is artistic. The beautiful Mendelssohn concertos will be one of Skovgaard's biggest numbers, and the company will give renditions of the famous scottish songs from the opera "Lucia" and the "Hobgoblin" by Offenbach, as well as well-known duets and trios from favorite operas in the original costumes.

The price of the tickets will be popular and range from 75 cents to \$2.00, and will be on sale at A. Creighton's Drug Store.





## CLEANSE

It not only softens the water but doubles the cleansing power of soap, and makes everything sanitary and wholesome.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

## A Popular Jail

When Living Was Cheaper Inside the Jail Than Out

George Fitch, the Illinois humorist, has his own ideas about prison reform schemes. He expressed his at a study one day while discussing Thomas Mott Osborne's humanitarian efforts.

"Osborne's ideas may work out all right," said Fitch, "but whenever I hear of a warden holding a party and rainbow tea in his penitentiary I think of what happened when Tim Cullinan was chief of police in Junction City, Kan."

"Tim, in fact, was the whole police force. He had eleven prisoners in his hands, and was anxious to get rid of them for they were a heavy responsibility. Tim having to keep watch over the actions of all functionaries."

"When you feel the officers," he said to the jailer one day, "just accidentally leave the door open and get out of sight for awhile."

"But times were hard and picking up a living outside wasn't easy. Tim hadn't figured on that, but he did when he came back that evening and found the eleven prisoners still there and seven more who had slipped in while the jailer wasn't looking. Living was better and cheaper inside the jail than outside."

## SPRING REMINDERS

## OF RHEUMATISM

Raw, Damp Weather Starts the Pains, But the Trouble Lies In the Blood

Spring weather is bad for rheumatic sufferers. The changes from mild to cold, the raw, damp winds start the aches and twinges, or in the more extreme cases, the tortures of the trouble going. But it must be borne in mind that it is not the weather that causes rheumatism. The trouble is rooted in the blood, the changeable weather merely starts the pains. The way to reach the trouble and to cure it is through the blood. The poisonous rheumatic acid may be driven out. Liniments and rubins can give temporary relief, but cannot possibly cure the trouble. The sufferer is only wasting time and money with this kind of treatment and with this time the trouble is becoming more deeply rooted—harder to cure. There is just one speedy cure—the Williams Pink Pills. They act directly on the impure, acidified blood. They purify and strengthen it and thus root out the cause of the rheumatism. Here is strong proof for the above statement. Mr. Michael Pergande, Pen. Man, says: "My mother suffered several years with rheumatism. We tried a number of remedies but they all failed to cure. Then we got Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and after using them for some time she was completely cured and has had no sign of the trouble since."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 60 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

At a military hospital where some of the Irish regiments were being nursed back to health, a visitor pointing to a very old soldier in the orderly, "What are you going to do with him?"

"He's going back, sir," said the orderly.

"Going back?" said the visitor in surprised tones.

"Yes," replied the orderly, "he thinks he knows old Bill."

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To exterminate them, clean up, and then destroy their breeding places. Drain off stagnant water where drainage is not possible, spray with coal oil. Let the sunlight into damp places.

Cover rain water barrels with a fine netting.

Keep the farm machinery now by paint and protection from the weather.

When Rheumatism Strikes the Heart

It Kills—"Nerviline" The Cure

Effect of Nerviline on Chronic Cases is Almost Magical

Exposure to wet or cold is apt to bring on an attack. The muscles aches the joints swell and exertion brings on a exacerbating twinge.

Often the pain shifts from one part to another, and this is dangerous as the heart is apt to be attacked. Heart attack.

The pain of rheumatism is quickly relieved away with Nerviline.

This is a swift, lasting and safe way to cure rheumatism. You can depend on Nerviline. It is the most penetrating force, the control over pain that is so essential to a rheumatic remedy.

Nerviline

## Wheat 4,000 Years Old

Came From Ruins in Egypt, But Is Kept in Texas

When the late John Cardwell of Austin, Tex., was United States consul at Cairo, Egypt, he sent his old friend, Col. F. P. Holland, of Dallas, a small quantity of wheat that he had taken from the tomb of one of the ancient kings in newly explored ruins upon the banks of the Nile.

This wheat was known to be more than 4,000 years old. The glass container which holds the grain is hermetically sealed. To all outward appearances the wheat is just as good as the day it was flayed from the head in the long ago, when the earth was inhabited by civilization that is now forgotten. The grains are plump and large.

"It has been told that the grains would probably germinate if planted, but I have never tried any of them," Col. Holland said.

There is more wheat in this section of the Nile than all other wheat put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be available for a great many years. It was preserved for a great many years, and it is now being used by the government of Egypt for its own consumption and for export.

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Government to Aid Settlers

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A Cure for Fever and Ague—Disturbance of the stomach and liver causes fevers and agues. It is just one speedy cure—the Williams Pink Pills. They act directly on the impure, acidified blood. They purify and strengthen it and thus root out the cause of the rheumatism.

Corps are caused by the pressure of tight boots, or too one need be troubled with them. A remedy as Holway's Corn Cure is available.

"Why, Willie I'm surprised to hear you use such language. You have been playing with those naughty boys again, haven't you?"

Truly I have, mother. I was just over to Tommy Brown's house playing with the parrot his uncle sent him from Chicago.

Minard's Liniment for sale every where.

Mother No, Betty darling I can't button your blouse for you. You have a little sister you must learn to do things for yourself.

Betty Small sister have to do things for myself.

Mother Yes dear Betty. Then I don't mind I shall like to.

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## Japs Busy Colonizing

Intend to Retain the South Sea Islands

That Japan is colonizing and apparently intends to retain the South Sea Islands, captured during the present war from the Germans, was the statement made in London recently by Dr. Frederick Starr, professor of Anthropology, University of Chicago, who was en route to Chicago from the Orient after six months' research work in Japan and Korea.

"Japan," said Dr. Starr, "has no intention of withdrawing from the Ladrones or Marshall Islands which she has taken from Germany, and which lie about midway between the Philippines and Hawaii. She has already undertaken expensive schemes with reference to the postal service, telegraphs and cables of these possessions. She is sending settlers in quantity to them."

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## Agriculture by Motor Car

France Is at Present Experimenting With Machines For Farm Work

In a reflective bit of special correspondence on French conditions during and after the war a writer in the Journal of Commerce predicts an extension of motor agriculture. He says in part:

"In French agriculture, hands and horses and oxen are alike wanting, since war consumes both men and beasts. Accordingly, the French government is at present experimenting with motor machines. It has lately been very busy with experiments in motor culture. A considerable number of motor machines, mostly of American or English make, have been tried of these five have been chosen for further experiment on account of their low cost and speed and efficient action. A few improvements will have to be made to adapt the machines to local exigencies, but it has been estimated that each already does the work of a similar ordinary machine drawn by ox or horse."

These machines are to be used next spring and are only a beginning of motor culture in France. If they are to be imported into Europe, it is essential that the cost price which is authorized by the government to make farmers submit to such war demands, and that may become a future of motor culture will be at least by any attempt to make more than a few of its kind and that each machine is a motor machine.

Some of these motor machines which have been chosen for further trial are by the following: France, counting war freight, at \$1,400 apiece.

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THAT DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS ALWAYS CURE KIDNEY DISEASE

In Every Neighborhood You Will Find People Cured of Backache, Rheumatism, Dropsy or Diabetes by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

La Houche, Lac St Jean, Quebec, Canada, has been cured of backache, rheumatism, dropsy or diabetes by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

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**COWAN'S PERFECTED COCOA**

PUREST-CLEANEST MOST RELIABLE GET CATALOGUE AT BEST DEALERS OR DIRECT

TORONTO - MONTREAL WINNIPEG - VANCOUVER

**Perfection!**

In fact we should say the Essence of Perfection, for Cowan's Perfected Cocoa is manufactured from the finest cocoa beans obtainable — skillfully blended.

**War and Forest Fires**

Running Risk of Starting Fires is Playing Into Hands of Enemy

**Resolve to Succeed**

Throw off the handicap of petty pills that make you grouchy, listless and depressed. Get at the root of your ailments—clear your digestive system of impurities, put it in good working order—keep it healthy with

**BEECHAM'S PILLS**

They act promptly on the stomach, liver and bowels, removing waste matters and purifying the blood. Not habit forming, never gripe, but leave the organs strengthened. To succeed in life, or work, first have a healthy body. This famous remedy will do much to

**Help You**

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere, in boxes, 25 cents.

It happened during one of the air raids, at a place not specified in the newspaper reports. Isaacstein, just emerging from a chemical shop, got in the way of the explosion, and when he recovered in the hospital found that both his feet had been amputated. "Just my luck," he grumbled, "I had just vent and bought expensive boots of good leather." This is

**Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia**

**Selecting Eggs For Hatching**

Now eggs from only the best hens in the flock.

Eggs for hatching should not be laid later than two or three days before the eggs are to be hatched. They should not be washed, as this lowers their vitality.

The eggs should be gathered two or three times daily and placed in a dry place where the temperature is below 70 degrees F.

Keep the eggs on their sides and turn twice daily before putting them into the incubator or under the hen.

Avoid eggs that have transparent shells or a rough appearance. Long pointed or short, rounded eggs should not be used.

The eggs should be in size as they should be laid to a better advantage. Hold no eggs for hatching purposes longer than two weeks before putting them into the incubator or under the hen.

A politician who was seeking the vote of a man in a village frequented by the end that he might be sent to Congress, thought it worth while to try the effect of his humble organ on early strings.

"I got my start in life as serving a man who had been a soldier, and I have managed to make," he announced.

"I have managed to make," he announced.

"I have managed to make," he announced.

"I have managed to make," he announced.

"I have managed to make," he announced.

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"I have managed to make," he announced.

## The Lacombe Guardian

F. H. SCHOLEY, PROPRIETOR

The following is from the columns of the Calgary Albertan, the leading prohibition organ in this province:

**Increase in Use of Liquor—**Notwithstanding the fact that prohibition laws have become effective in 7 states since July 1, 1918, approximately seven million five hundred thousand gallons more whiskey have been used in the United States so far during the fiscal year ending June 30 than ever before.

It would seem that either the prohibition states must be getting a new bit of liquor some way, or else the high liquor states have gone off on a awful foot.

### CANADIANS HANDICAPPED WITH ROSS RIFLE

While there has been considerable discussion, pro and con, on the merits and demerits of the Ross Rifle, it is a well-proven fact that our soldiers, who have been armed with this weapon, are placed at a disadvantage. R. C. Edwards, of the Eye-Opener, has interviewed several returned soldiers on the matter, and as will be seen from the following article, they consider the Ross Rifle no good in warfare. The Eye-Opener says:

"A Canadian officer, describing the recent fighting at St. Eloi, says the Canadians were outnumbered five to two. Where that wonderful Kitchen range of three millions? And where is the regular British army itself? Have the Canadian battalions to tackle all the tough jobs? It seems like it. By the way, we should much like to know the innards of Alderson's resignation. Perhaps the shocking Canadian Casualty List had something to do with it.

"Or perhaps it was on account of his known aversion for the Ross Rifle. You may remember that letter of Alderson's that was made public (accidentally) a couple of weeks ago and started a discussion in the House of Commons at Ottawa. The concluding portion of this letter read:

"But what I shall not do is a bona fide report against the Ross Rifle, should it come in after any future serious action that any part of the corps may take part in. I should not be fit for my position if I passed over anything which endangered men's lives or the success of our arms."

"This of course would let him in wrong with General Sam Hughes. We might remind our readers that on two different occasions we have pulled the kicks about the Ross Rifle sent us by soldiers across the water.

"We had the privilege this week on Wednesday of being able to have conversations with three soldiers who had arrived in Calgary that very morning from the front. The three of them were non-commissioned officers, each belonging to different units, and two of them had been through the war practically from the start. We inquired about the Ross Rifle.

"Mark you, all three had been in various heavy engagements had not been attached to the same battalions, and did not know each other until the home ward voyage. Our conversations were held with each one separately, 'unbeknownst' to the other, so that their united opinions should carry some weight.

"The collective opinion of these non-coms, therefore, was this: that the Ross Rifle is a most unreliable weapon at the front. The men despise it and won't use it if they can possibly get hold of a Lee-Enfield. It was freely granted, a fine rifle for Bisley, but, one of them said, 'Rifle shooting has been badly with me ever since I was seventeen, and I never saw 38 and I always swore by the Ross, but at the front it is simply comical to have the men to use it. All the men in the trenches will tell you this. It doesn't matter what the politicians at Ottawa say, we soldiers are the only ones who can possibly know anything about it."

"The non-com who spoke the above words added that they had

all been vastly amused at the front when they read a public statement in Canadian papers to the effect that it was "the Ross Rifle that saved the day at Festubert." This caused them all a hearty laugh, because every Canadian at Festubert that could possibly lay claim to a Lee-Enfield had "ditched" his Ross.

"In the Festubert fight," he said, "not twenty-five per cent. of my platoon had the Ross Rifle. The others had managed to get hold of the Enfield and had chucked the Ross. It was the same with the other units."

"One incident which he related was significant. He said that his pal, who like himself had been a rifle range expert all his life and was a great admirer of the Ross Rifle, was standing next to him in a trench during a hot engagement where many were killed. It was not long before his pal's Ross jammed. Throwing it down he picked up another Ross that had been dropped by a wounded man. This he found already jammed. He picked up a third Ross that had evidently been used by a soldier lying dead, but it wouldn't work either. So he hunted around his immediate vicinity until he ran on to a Lee-Enfield, and had no further trouble.

"Another of these returned soldiers, a Sergeant-Major of splendid physique and an air of authority stamped all over him, was sternly emphatic in his denunciation of the Ross Rifle as a service weapon. He described it as all right for Bisley, and excellent as a sniper, where you fire an occasional shot and can take your time, but it was only courting disaster to use it in action.

"This large man told what he saw with his own eyes during the first battle of Ypres. He said that when the Warwick got wiped out the Canadian soldiers nearby rushed forward and took their Lee-Enfields, ditching their own Ross Rifles. This, mind you, right in the very middle of a battle!

"Why is not the testimony of such men respected from the front, given proper consideration by the authorities at Ottawa? Amongst the Canadian rank and file at the front there is a very strong suspicion that their lives are being sacrificed to the financial greed of a coterie of men in high places at Ottawa connected with the Ross Rifle Manufacturing Company.

"Of the three or four hundred thousand Canadian fighting men ever get this idea fixed in their noddles, the Borden Government will be swept out of power as swiftly and completely as if an avalanche had struck it.

"The Ross Rifle mechanism, it seems, is too complicated. It has a double bolt action—that is, two distinct motions to eject and reload, whereas the Lee-Enfield has one. Pulling out the bolt of the Ross is described as hell. It is hard to pull out, and sometimes the soldier using it has to put the butt of the rifle on the ground and stand on the bolt. And it is contrary to orders to oil the bolt! Yet, if it is not oiled, you can't use the damned thing.

"One thing in favor of the Lee-Enfield is that the magazine holds 10 cartridges (two clips), while the Ross holds only one clip of 5 cartridges. This is one of the big objections to the Ross. Besides, you have to exercise great care in putting the clip in to the magazine of the Ross, because if you don't do it just so the cartridges "buckle" going in, refusing to go in one after the other.

"Soldiers laboring under excitement in a hot corner where they have to keep up rapid fire find things easy with the Lee-Enfield, where, with the Ross, they quickly get all balled up. This, according to the testimony of these returned veterans, cannot be disproved.

"A common order at the front is: 'Here they come boys—get them to rounds rapid!' With the Lee-Enfield you are a ready loaded with your ten and ready to execute the order. With the Ross you only have five in, and when shooting in the other way, a very usual thing, you are sure to happen the cartridges won't go in."

falling off with the concussion of the shots."

### GRAFTING AT EXPENSE OF CANADIAN LIVES

In cases of graft where only money value is at stake, the Canadian people are prone to overlook it; in fact, grafting has got to such a state of perfection in our public life that we take it as a matter of course—we are apt to look for it ourselves. If you are in public life in Canada today, and are not a grafter, a reward greater than the Victoria Cross awaits you.

But when it comes to the lives of our boys at the front it is a far different matter. From reports given by soldiers returned from the bloody battlefields of Europe, our soldiers' lives are wasted through their being armed with a most unreliable weapon—the Ross Rifle. The suspicion that this rifle is being used for undisputable testimony as to its worthlessness has been brought forward, is due to the fact that several high-up politicians are interested in its manufacture, is becoming fixed on the minds of Canadians. If this be true there is no punishment too great for these grafters—merely turning them out of office would be too light a punishment. They should be arrested in a court-martial, and, if found guilty, shot as traitors to their country.

The least the Canadian Government can do in the matter is to hold a rigid investigation. The witnesses should not be the politicians who are interested in the manufacture of the rifle—they should be the unfortunate soldiers who have faced death handicapped with a worthless weapon. Our boys can give an account of themselves creditable to Canada if given half a chance—what must they think of us when they are in a life and death struggle and find that their lives have been endangered that some one living in luxury in Canada can make a few more dollars?

Why should the Borden Government view General Alderson's criticism of the Ross Rifle in a hostile spirit? Nobody blames the Government for having armed the Canadian troops with this rifle. It was the national service arm, and was supposed to be a good one. But it had not had the test of service in the field, and that test it has shown defects that is not to the discredit of the Government. But the Government have been expected to keep their eyes open to not whether or not the rifle worked satisfactorily, and to be ready to replace it without hesitation if it did not do so.

### SARCEE CAMP

Many people who have seen Sarcee Camp are asking where does the graft come in, as it is impossible to look on the location of the Camp in the place it is if there is no graft in it—someone is not getting a rake-off at the expense of the lives of the soldiers. With high land in every direction, Sarcee Camp has been located in a low lying flat, and after every rain it is a marsh, while it is open to the winds that sweep down from the mountains from the north and west. If one would hunt all year in the vicinity of Calgary, a more unlikely place for a military camp could not be found. The Calgary Eye-Opener has a few remarks to make on the Camp, as follows:

"The boys will get enough misery in the wet, muddy trenches after they get over to the front, without being called upon to undergo similar stunts here before they have become sufficiently hardened. The conservation of the health of a battalion is supposed to take precedence over everything else.

"They may as well get used to the wet and slush and mud first as last," says the comfortable officer in charge, who has a batman to keep him dry.

"Bunk," say we.

**HORSE RAISING SHOULD BE PROFITABLE**

Is the farm justified in believing that the firm time of the horse market and the present high prices for live stock, upon a secure foundation? May be look forward with any confidence to the next season's

next year's market? Should he prepare, as against an advertised shortage and high prices for all classes of farm animals; by breeding a larger number of mares or of cows, sheep, hogs, and poultry? We are confident that the farmer, in never been in a more secure position than the present, as regards the extension of his breeding operations, but, to enable him to form more easily his own conclusions, the following facts are submitted.

Since the outbreak of the war the British Remount Commission has purchased in Canada 15,000 horses. Eight thousand have been bought by French contractors and 25,000 by the Canadian Department of Militia. The Department of Militia is now engaged in buying an additional thousand head. The British Remount Commission has purchased over 700 since March, and is buying daily in Montreal. French contractors are anxious to obtain supplies and are arranging to buy all that are available, both in the East and in the West. It is understood that, as a result of the purchases already made, army buyers are finding it increasingly difficult, both in the United States and in Canada, to readily secure the number of horses which they require, particularly of the type suitable for heavy cavalry or heavy artillery.

In addition to the purchases for army accounts, commercial activities from two distinct quarters has exerted a very evident influence upon the Canadian horse market during the past three or four months. Since the beginning of the year 6,000 horses reached Winnipeg Stock Yards from Eastern Canada, and 5,917 were shipped from the same yards westward, mostly to Saskatchewan. During the months of January, February, and March, 1,005 horses were exported to the United States. A few hundred more went forward to the same market in April. The horses exported were good farm chunks weighing from 1,300 to 1,500 lbs. As high as \$600 a pair was paid. If a rim is possessing extra quality and conformation. This new movement in the horse market is having its effect upon prices all over Canada.

Buyers report that the better classes of drafters and farm chunks are getting scarce and hard to buy. The same holds true of good lig. roosters and saddlers. The noticeable scarcity of good horses of these descriptions illustrates the fact that demand has already overtaken supply, and makes it very evident that all the really good sound mares in the country should be bred this year. It can't be too strongly emphasized, however, that they should be mated only with strictly high-class sires. The number of horses rejected by army buyers clearly indicates that there is no place for the unsound horse or for the mistake. Such animals have been, are now, and always will be, a drag on the market. Bred to the best if you would have the best. Unsound or ill formed mares are sure to have as unsound progenies. It is easier to raise a good animal than a poor one. Manage the work this spring in order that the best mare on the farm may be regularly returned to the horse shed. Next year, a good crop of sound, healthy colts will be as good as a bank account. Canada is likely to enter shortly the commercial export market, and that market will require all you can produce.

### RED CROSS NOTES

The contents of the bale shipped to Calgary on May 13th was as follows: 25 pyjamas, 6 nurses aprons, 11 flannellette surgical shirts, 22 pair socks, 15 gashaws, 4 hot water bottle covers, 3 bandages, 2 flannel shirts, 3 cotton surgical shirts, 12 triangular bandages, magazines.

The collectors of the Red Cross monthly contributions would be very grateful to all subscribers who try to pay up in June, July and August when they make their next call. It would save tramping about in the hot weather, and would give those who usually go away for the summer an opportunity to pay before they go.

The Red Cross Society acknowledges, with thanks, the sum of 50¢ donation from Mrs. O. Palmer.



### From Warehouse to Your Table

without the possibility of the slightest deterioration is ensured by the new wrapping in which

## BLUE RIBBON TEA

is now packed and sold. The old lead packets filled the bill, but had several drawbacks. Every housewife knows them. Easily torn—liable to puncture and rust—only custom made them acceptable. The new "BLUE RIBBON" wrapper is a perfect packing for tea. Strong, clean, handy, dust-proof, impervious to moisture. In short—

A PERFECT WRAPPING FOR A PERFECT TEA

As before, a money-back guarantee goes with each packet. Ask your grocer.

## Examine Your Wardrobe



If you require anything in the Clothing line—

### ORDER NOW

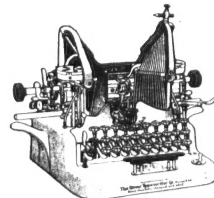
as goods are becoming scarce and steadily rising in price, and it will pay you to Order Now!

We can still supply suits from \$20.00 but the selections are going down fast Order Now!

### D. CAMERON

Cleaning TAILOR Pressing  
Allan Street, opposite Adelphi Hotel

## IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN THE LACOMBE GUARDIAN



### Reasons Why

### The OLIVER Typewriter

### Is Superior to all others

- Rapid Escapement**—The escapement mechanism is exceedingly simple and positive, and, although it is very rapid, is almost frictionless.
- Light, Elastic Key Touch**—The key touch is wonderfully light, elastic, and most pleasing, offering the least resistance to the fingers.

Watch this space for further reasons.

F. H. SCHOLEY, Agent, Lacombe



**DON'T FORGET THE WAR VETERAN WHEN YOU HAVE A JOB TO OFFER**

Please notify  
CENTRAL PROVINCIAL COMMITTEE  
EDMONTON  
Howard Shuchbury, Secy.  
OR  
WAR VETERANS CLUB CALGARY  
Win. McLeod, Asst. Secy.

#### RED CROSS NOTES

Calgary, Alta., May 22.  
Mrs. Tett, Red Cross Branch, Lacombe, Alta.

Dear Mrs. Tett:—Thank you so much for the very nice shipment of supplies, some of which were a contribution from Blackfalds. We much appreciate all that your Branch is doing, and wish to congratulate both Lacombe and Blackfalds on the splendid support they are giving the Red Cross. Thanking you for your interest, I remain, yours very truly, Mary C. Wae, Secy., H.A. Supt. of Supplies, Alberta Provincial Branch.

The Red Cross Society acknowledges, with thanks, the \$10.00 sent in by Mrs. Reister from the Helping Hand Society of Arbordale. We also received the parcel of shirts sent in from Lochinvar, for which we return thanks. The Society sent \$10.00 to Calgary this week—\$70 for shirts, and the balance as a donation to the funds.

The Red Cross Society beg to acknowledge, with thanks, the making of fourteen flannel top shirts and three pair of socks by the Red Cross ladies of Lochinvar.

#### CORRESPONDENCE

##### RIMBEY NEWS

Remember—all roads lead to Rimby on July 1st.

Little Mary Julia Patch is quite ill.

Mr. Osborne is having a well drilled on his farm.

Born, on May 25th, to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bowser, a son.

Mrs. Nina Spink is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Picketts.

Mrs. Dahl, of Wittenburg, who is trying to win the Chevrolet automobile to be given away by the Globe, was canvassing Rimby on Saturday.

The spring has been very backward, cold, stormy weather predominating, but the rich, black soil of the Rimby district is forcing our crops along at a great rate.

In the "mix-up" spoken of last week several items of interest failed to appear, and amongst them one concerning the Red Cross Society. This band of workers is continually working in order to do its part for the boys at the front, and during the first of the month sent another package to Calgary ready to forward, consisting of fourteen nightgowns and twenty-eight pairs of socks, and at a meeting decided to purchase more material with which to carry on the work.

On Sunday, May 21st, Rev. Miller, of Bentley, delivered the sermon to the U.F.A., and it was greatly enjoyed by about two hundred people. The Rimby band furnished the open air music, and the Rimby orchestra led the music for the preaching service. This was the first service of the kind held in the district, and we hope it will be observed annually, and we feel that such talks as the one delivered by Rev. Miller will cause some to face about and realize the fact that without the mercy of God all our efforts are vain.

If you have any friends you have not met for a long time, and wish to see them, remember they will be at Rimby—July 1st.

M. E. Church Notes:—Mr. O. B. Moore attended the district meeting at Lacombe the past week as a delegate. Mr. O. B. Moore has been chosen recording steward for the ensuing year. Our con-

ference will convene, in a few days, and Messrs. W. Brooks and O. B. Moore are to represent this place, and Mr. Cumberland from Wittenburg.

Miss Patch, our efficient choir leader, in addition to the regular work, has taken up the rudiments of music for the benefit of beginners. The church appreciates this extra work she is doing, and realizes the result it is bringing about in the increased interest in the choir.

The 24th was cold and rainy, so proved a disappointment to the many who expected to come to Rimby, but we are planning to have the programme carried out on a day in the near future, and for the benefit of those who did not know of it, on account of delayed mail, will give it. Wrestling match between Fred Becker and Louis Bornson, held at the regular time, between Meadow Brook and Rimby, and big dance in the evening. While this is bound to be an interesting event July 1st is to be the biggest and best of any celebration ever held at this place, and will be a day filling every minute with something of interest. You will, in all probability be asked to participate in some of the events, so make all arrangements to be one of the big crowd.

At a meeting of the Board of the Pentecostal Church of the Nazarens, the Rev. G. H. MacLachlan was recalled as pastor for the coming year by a unanimous vote. It was also decided to build a church to replace the one recently burned, which was owned by I. U. Rimby. A financial committee was also appointed. The tent meetings are still in progress, and are being well attended. Meetings at 8 o'clock every day and at 10.30 and 2.30 Sundays. All are invited.

##### BLACKFALDS NEWS

E. C. Hinkell purchased a flashy new buggy last week.

S. Farwell and C. Sorenson each loaded a car of oats last week.

Mrs. Randolph is visiting her sister, Mrs. Mitchell, of Hillsdown, Alta.

On Tuesday night we expect to have one of those wonderful things, a "moving picture show," in our midst.

Rev. C. R. Corcoran left this week to attend the Methodist Conference. He is accompanied by his wife and daughter.

Members of the tennis club seem to be getting in plenty of practice. No doubt some of them will be after games with Red Deer or Lacombe players.

Owing to rain our celebration, planned for Victoria Day, was postponed to May 30th, but the weather man seems inclined to make things disagreeable for that date too.

McDonald & Co., of Calgary, through an agent, had people of Blackfalds load a car with potatoes on Thursday last week, but to date have not turned up to inspect or pay for said potatoes.

Up to the present no one from Blackfalds seems to have entered the Globe Circulation Campaign. We imagine every one is too busy, as the town council had to import an expert to turn out a few new planks in the sidewalks.

##### PONOKA NEWS

Miss Ivy Morgan has gone to Edmonton, where she will enter a hospital and take up the nursing profession.

Mrs. O. C. Edwards, of Macleod, was in town on Friday and addressed the ladies on behalf of the National Council of Women, with a view to organizing a local branch.

Alexander & Tugman have purchased the Alberta Pacific elevator, and are already in possession. This firm are to be congratulated on their enterprise, and the fact that they have been welcomed by the farmers, who have every confidence in their integrity.

The death of Queen Victoria Rathbun took place at the residence of her brother, I. C. Rathbun, Ponoka, on Friday, May 19th, after a lingering illness. She had been in poor health for years, and for the past four weeks confined to bed. She bore

with patience and much fortitude her great suffering until the end.

The Bank of Commerce staff met at the home of L. G. Cozier on Saturday evening in order to pay respects to R. R. Smyth, who has enlisted in the University Battalion. Mr. Smyth was down for a week-end visit, and the staff took the opportunity of presenting him with a wrist watch.

Louis Fleming has the sympathy of his friends in the loss he sustained through fire on Wednesday of last week. He and his sons had set out some fire guards while at work in the fields, and at the noon hour placed their horses in a small building some distance from the residence. Smouldering debris must have been left, fanned by the wind, bursting into flame, destroyed the building and burned all six horses. The fire sprang up so quickly that nothing could be done to save the animals.

The baseball season opened on Thursday evening, when the local team had the Lacombe players as their guests. Play was rather disappointing, Lacombe winning all 10 to 2. There was a fine turnout of spectators from town and country over thirty automobiles being on the grounds.

The Asker U.F.A. will hold their annual picnic on June 16. There will be a splendid programme, including baseball, races, and the usual out-door sports. A number of first rank orators will each be given ten minutes in which to expatiate. It will be a great and gay time, and the people are expected to attend in their thousands.

##### CLIVE NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. C. Johnson left for a two weeks' holiday. They will visit Detroit and several other cities in the States, and return via Toronto on their return home.

Miss Mertle Cheever entertained several of her little friends to a birthday party a few days ago. Mrs. Cheever served refreshments with ice cream and cake. The happy gathering broke up with the best wishes of her birthday.

On May 15th the marriage took place very quietly in Knox Church, Calgary, of Mr. James McCauley Gardner, of Clive, Alta., and Miss Janet McNaughton, of Hespeler, Ont. Rev. Dr. Fulton officiated. After the wedding the bride and groom took the train for Banff, Alta., where they spent a short honeymoon, after which they returned to Clive, Alta., where they will reside.

Fred Perry, formerly property owner and proprietor of the Clive livery business, has sold his interests to Mr. H. Willard, who took full possession on Monday of last week. We understand that Mr. Perry has purchased a livery business in Lacombe. We bespeak for a full share of business for the new proprietor, who is well known in this district.

A meeting was held in the Pioneer Hall on May 19th, with only a very poor turnout, but nevertheless it was decided that the old Board of Trade be reorganized. B. F. Allison was elected chairman for the evening, and in opening the meeting he brought out the necessity of a Board of Trade, and after his address the following officers were appointed for the ensuing six months: President, F. E. Allison; Vice President, H. W. Bickle; Secretary, J. H. Salmon.

##### R R ITEMS

Mr. Frank Erickson has been visiting under the paternal roof last week. He returned to Calgary on Friday.

We were sorry to hear Bill Baillie had been confined to the house all last week with a severe attack of asthma.

Gavin drove through here the other day with some other fellow's sister. Geo. Garries hasn't smoked him the rubber tire yet we see.

Gus Pabst brought a fine grey Percheron horse into this district last week. Gus says he has enough travelling horse for his comical job, so he won't travel the horse. He will stand at his home stable south east of Lockhart.

# Production and Thrift

## CANADA'S CALL FOR SERVICE AT HOME

### Produce More and Save More

before. Grow food for the men who are fighting for you. The Allies need all the food that you can produce. Every little helps. You are responsible for your own work. If you cannot produce as much as you would like, produce all you can. Work with the right spirit. Put fighting energy into your effort and produce now when it counts. The more you produce the more you can save. Producing and saving are war-service.

The Empire needs food. If you are not in the fighting line you may be in the producing line. Labour is limited—all the more reason to do more than ever of what we waste on our farms, in our factories, in our homes. Every pound of food saved from waste is as good as a pound of increased production. The way for a nation to save is for every individual to save. France is strong to-day because of thrift in time of peace. The men and women of Great Britain are not only "doing" but are learning to "do without."

### Make Your Labour Efficient

possible, help in producing something needed now. Let us not waste labour. Canada needs it all. If possible help to feed the Allies. Make your backyard a productive garden. Cultivate it with a will. Make your labour count for as much as possible.

In war-time do not waste time and energy on unimportant and unprofitable work. Economize labour. Put off unproductive work till after the war, and, if possible, help in producing something needed now. Let us not waste labour. Canada needs it all. If possible help to feed the Allies. Make your backyard a productive garden. Cultivate it with a will. Make your labour count for as much as possible.

### Do Not Waste Materials

our homes. Every pound of food saved from waste is as good as a pound of increased production. The way for a nation to save is for every individual to save. France is strong to-day because of thrift in time of peace. The men and women of Great Britain are not only "doing" but are learning to "do without."

There should be no waste in war-time. Canada could pay the annual interest on her war expenditure out of what we waste on our farms, in our factories, in our homes. Every pound of food saved from waste is as good as a pound of increased production. The way for a nation to save is for every individual to save. France is strong to-day because of thrift in time of peace. The men and women of Great Britain are not only "doing" but are learning to "do without."

### Spend Your Money Wisely

finance the war. Save your money for the next Dominion War issue. There can be no better investment.

Practice economy in the home by eliminating luxuries. Wasting our dollars here weakens our strength at the front. Your savings will help Canada to finance the war. Save your money for the next Dominion War issue. There can be no better investment.

#### THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA

THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

##### WELLESLEDEN GREEN

John Owens lost a yearling colt. It was found dead in a ditch.

B. P. Sawyer and wife spent the week-end at the Pleasant View ranch.

"People have been enjoying a much needed rain. Crops and gardens are coming on as well as can be expected."

John Williams, Art Beech, Chris Mousing, and others, were business visitors at the Pleasant View ranch this week.

Mr. Clayton, of Ferrybrook, was in this neighborhood this week looking up a place to move his family. He will move into the house vacated by Hudson Hunt this Spring.

This neighborhood was shocked indeed at the news of the death of Mrs. Alward, of Rimby, as Mr. and Mrs. Alward had only left this neighborhood a month before in the best of health. Mr. Alward and children have our sympathy.

##### BENTLEY NEWS

The Gull Lake school team defeated the Bentley school boys by one score on Saturday p.m. at the Bentley grounds.

Rain made its annual appearance on the 24th again this year, causing a postponement of all sports held at Blackfalds and Rimby.

Mrs. W. M. McPherson was taken to the Lacombe Hospital on Saturday for an operation, which was performed successfully on Sunday.

Mrs. F. W. Thorp is very low, with serious complications which may have to be treated at the hospital. We all hope for her speedy recovery.

Centre Valley team showed up a little short of players on Saturday night, but fell in with what they had, getting a two to three score in favor of the Young Men's Class team, playing but three innings.

Rimby ball team will likely be down on Saturday night for a game; also Centre Valley will likely come in full force, as they think Bentley "easy." A dance at the hall will follow the game.

Putland & Thorp are remodeling their store. H. Pico doing the work.

in the Church at the usual service hour. At the meeting of the Young Men's Class, to follow, a debate, "Resolved, that a Consolidated School is preferable to the present Rural School System," will take place. Lee Siler, Jack Nelson, and Harry Hansen, will speak for the affirmative, and Harold Hopkins, Ray Hutton, and Fred Chapman, for the negative.

The weather will make the opening of the Gull Lake season later than usual this year. This little inn will be opened as soon as the weather permits with a full line of groceries, fruit, etc. Charlie Ying expects to open his lunch room and grocery soon, and with two other places opening it looks as though the Lake people will be well attended to. There are not as many inquiries for cottages yet as at this time last year, but we are still looking for a good season as soon as the weather settles.

##### WIRELESS FROM WEST

The fishing season is now on and Andrew had had a successful day with the trawling fleet on Gull Lake. They had fish for supper, also visitors. As they sat to table Mrs. Andrew remarked, "Gentlemen there is sole." "Are soles my dear, are soles," corrected Andrew. "Well I am surprised at you, and before visitors too," replied his wife.

The Bentley flyer was just leaving when a young woman hurriedly jumped in to find it full of young men. "Now then young chap," said Bob Jeffery, "sit up and make room for this Bonnie lassie." The young woman glared fiercely at the speaker. "Afraid I can't return the compliment," she said. "May be no," replied Bob, "but then ye'll no be sic a liar as I am."

Some of our soldier lads who were here for crop putting in operations were telling of the tall men they had seen. John White said he had seen a recruit in Edmonton who stood seven feet clear. Lyman McPherson put that clean out of business with his man, when he spoke Tommy Coggins. "I knew a man out in the timber by McPherson's mill, he got his feet wet in March and he didn't sneeze till the middle of June."

## Lacombe 2nd Hand Store

I buy and sell second-hand goods.

I handle Bankrupt Stock—Clothing, Hardware, Furniture, Beds, Springs and Mattresses, the Famous Monarch line of Stoves and Ranges, Cooking Utensils, Trunks and Valises, Galvanized and Enamelware, Sewing Machines, Guns and Ammunitions, Phonographs and Records, Musical Instruments of all kinds, and Jewelry. Real Estate bought and sold. Get my prices before buying.

O. BOODE, Nanton St.

### MORE MEN THAN WOMEN HAVE APPENDICITIS

Surgeons state men are slightly more subject to appendicitis than women. Lacombe people should know that a few doses of simple buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adler's ka, often relieve or prevent appendicitis. This mixture removes such surprising foul matter that ONE SPOONFUL relieves almost ANY CASE constipation, sour stomach or gas. THE INSTANT, easy action of Adler's is surprising. A Creighton, druggist.

#### EDWIN H. JONES

Barrister, Solicitor and Notary

P. O. Box 148 Phone No. 19  
Office Denike Block, Barnett Ave.

### Magnet Lodge No. 12 I. O. O. F.

Meets in Masonic Hall, Lacombe, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brothers always welcome. I. E. Reeves, N. G. M. B. McDonald, R. S.

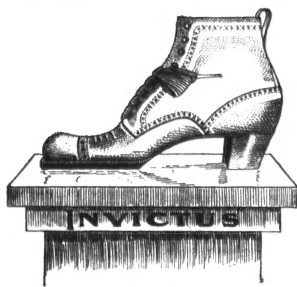
The new No. 9 Oliver, the most up to date thing in typewriters, is now on the market. Investigate its merits and you will buy it.







# THE LEADING STORE



## Men's Shoes

Although all leathers have advanced greatly, we are still selling the famous "Invictus Shoe" at.....\$6.00  
Work Shoes at proportionately low prices.

## Rain Coats

We are showing the Felsprufe and Dominion Waterproof Co.'s Rain Coats in Tweeds of different colors in all the latest models. Fawn and gray Paramatas, all guaranteed waterproof, at prices ranging from.....\$5.00 to \$20.00

## Shirts

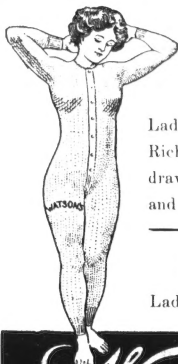
Negligee Shirts in many different patterns, worth \$1.25 and \$1.50, for.... \$1.00  
Lounge Shirts, with soft collars, the \$1.25 kind, for.....85c

## Ladies' Underwear

Our Ladies' Summer Underwear stock is now complete and ready for your inspection.

We would call special attention to the fact that our prices are the same as last year's in spite of war conditions and the enormous advance in cotton.

Get your Underwear without delay, while our present stock lasts.



## Ladies' Vests

Ladies' Vests, 2-1 cotton ribbed, Richelieu Knit, lace trimmed, with drawstring, sleeveless, short sleeves and long sleeves, from 15c to 45c

## Ladies' Lisle Vests

Ladies' Lisle Vests, from 65c to 75c



WE want you to come in and examine these Watson's Combination Suits. Feel the soft, smooth texture—and you'll realize what great comfort there is in Watson's. Stretch them and you'll find wonderful elasticity which makes them perfect-fitting—regardless of number of washings.

**Watson's UNDERWEAR**

Watson's Combination Suits are made in Cotton, Lisle and Mercerized. They come in long sleeves, short sleeves and sleeveless. Made to knee with long skirt, finished with beautiful Valenciennes and Trenchons. Made to fit from a 30 inch to a 40 inch bust in ordinary sizes.

We give our personal word that Watson's Combination Suits will afford you the greatest underwear satisfaction—and the prices are reasonable.

If you don't want a Combination Suit, you'll surely find something you do want in the great assortment of Watson's styles.

## Ladies' Drawers

2-1 cotton ribbed Richelieu Knit, in the different styles.....45c and 50c

## Children's Underwear

We are also well supplied with Children's Cotton Underwear. Get all you want NOW

# A. M. Campbell - Lacombe

## Items of Interest Locally

Remember Charlie's Aunt.

The government tax on theater admissions went into effect June 1.

Well here it is, June, and the rainy season of the year is about due to begin.

"Never trouble trouble until trouble troubles you" is what Charlie's Aunt says.

Mrs. Collier and children left this week for an extended visit to her parents in Portland, Ore.

Tie a tin can to trouble and see Charlie's Aunt at the Comet Theatre on Thursday, June 8th.

Mayor McLeod is confined to his home this week with a severe attack of blood poisoning in his arm.

You'll cheer up all right, all right, if you see Charlie's Aunt at the Comet Thursday evening, June 8th.

Everything the best at the Pioneer Meat Market. L. W. Puffer is now in charge, and will see that only the best meats, etc., are sold. Call phone 15 for prompt service.

Among the latest recruits from Lacombe are: J. Hickey, Chas. Findley, Pym, and Woodford. These young men have joined the 187th, and more real men are wanted.

If you don't want to laugh, and can't laugh, keep away from the Comet on Thursday evening, June 8th. Charlie's Aunt will be there, it's the funniest show you have ever saw.

Will the ladies who knit for the St. John's Ambulance kindly meet at the home of Mrs. Milliken, on Tuesday evening, the 6th, from eight to 10.

There was a big crowd in town for the annual bull sale. Animals were sold by auction on Wednesday and Thursday at prices ranging from \$45 to \$550 per head.

You just can't help laughing at Charlie's Aunt, the funniest character on the speaking stage. She will appear at the Comet Theatre on Thursday evening, June 8th.

The tea given by Mrs. (Dr.) Simpson last week was a success in every particular. The sale of baking was good, and also the sale of so many pretty and useful articles, sent in by the ladies to help swell the amount. The sum realized was \$63.15.

A new time table goes into effect June 4 on the C. & E. Hereafter there will be no evening trains to either Calgary or Edmonton. There will be a late evening train from Edmonton but not from Calgary. There will be a morning train to Edmonton but not to Calgary. Fast branch trains also change time.

The Helping Hand Society met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. Kumpf on the afternoon of May 25th. There was a good attendance, and a very successful meeting. One item of business was the donation of ten dollars in favor of the Red Cross Society. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Schumann on the afternoon of June 8th.

MARIE DORIN "THE MORALS OF MARCUS"

Charles Frohman presents Marie Dorin in her greatest stage triumph "The Morals of Marcus".

## EGG-O Baking Powder

More economical in use and cost—and full of "baking day luck."

No disappointment or trouble when you use EGG-O Baking Powder if the other ingredients are good.

Made from carefully prepared pure food products—scientifically and accurately combined to give best results.

Ask your grocer for EGG-O—and insist.

Use the coupon in the can to get the receipt book.

"Made in Canada for the Canadian Maid"



THE EGG-O BAKING POWDER CO., LIMITED  
HAMILTON, CANADA

## Edmonton Exhibition

July 10th-15th, 1916

\$25,000 in Cash Prizes for

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Grains, Roots and Vegetables, Grasses, Dairy and Domestic Products, Women's and Children's Work

ENTRIES CLOSE JUNE 27.

Finest Program of Attractions ever offered in Edmonton, including the Sensational Aviator, KATHERINE STINSON

For Prize List and particulars write:

W. J. STARK, Manager, Box 216, Edmonton, Alberta

## British Cruiser Fleet Defeats German Main Fleet

London, June 2.—A battle has taken place between a British cruiser fleet and the German high seas fleet. Summarizing the statements issued by the British admiralty, and collating the same with the credible facts of the Berlin statement, the British cruiser squadron, consisting of six or perhaps eight battle cruisers, a number of light cruisers and destroyers, supported by four fast super-dreadnought battleships, carried out a reconnaissance in force off the coast of Jutland, and there came into contact with the entire German high seas fleet. In the battle which followed, lasting a day and a night, under foggy and misty conditions, the losses on either side were very heavy, but it remained a tactical British victory. The enemy was forced to retreat, while German losses in super-dreadnoughts consisted of two Kaiser class battleships, with three battle cruisers sunk or disabled, as against three British battle cruisers sunk. The enemy therefore suffered considerably heavier actual loss, and enormously greater relative loss in the all-important capital ships. Including the destroyers and other small fighting ships the total known losses are: British 14 ships, German 13. The loss in lives is estimated at from 12,000 to 20,000, of which the larger proportion falls on Germany.